

# Fundamental Trigonometric Identities

## **Reciprocal Identities**

$$\begin{array}{lll}\sin u = \frac{1}{\csc u} & \cos u = \frac{1}{\sec u} & \tan u = \frac{1}{\cot u} \\ \csc u = \frac{1}{\sin u} & \sec u = \frac{1}{\cos u} & \cot u = \frac{1}{\tan u}\end{array}$$

## **Quotient Identities**

$$\begin{array}{ll}\tan u = \frac{\sin u}{\cos u} & \cot u = \frac{\cos u}{\sin u}\end{array}$$

## **Pythagorean Identities**

$$\begin{array}{lll}\sin^2 u + \cos^2 u = 1 & 1 + \tan^2 u = \sec^2 u & 1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta \\ (\sin^2 u = 1 - \cos^2 u) & (\tan^2 u = \sec^2 u - 1) & (\cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta - 1) \\ (\cos^2 u = 1 - \sin^2 u) & (\sec^2 u - \tan^2 u = 1) & (\csc^2 \theta - \cot^2 \theta = 1)\end{array}$$

# Trigonometry Formulas

## **Sum and Difference Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin(u + v) &= \sin u \cos v + \cos u \sin v \\ \sin(u - v) &= \sin u \cos v - \cos u \sin v \\ \cos(u + v) &= \cos u \cos v - \sin u \sin v \\ \cos(u - v) &= \cos u \cos v + \sin u \sin v \\ \tan(u + v) &= \frac{\tan u + \tan v}{1 - \tan u \tan v} \\ \tan(u - v) &= \frac{\tan u - \tan v}{1 + \tan u \tan v}\end{aligned}$$

## **Double-Angle Formulas**

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2u &= 2 \sin u \cos u \\ \cos 2u &= \cos^2 u - \sin^2 u \\ &= 2 \cos^2 u - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 u \\ \tan 2u &= \frac{2 \tan u}{1 - \tan^2 u}\end{aligned}$$